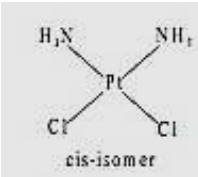
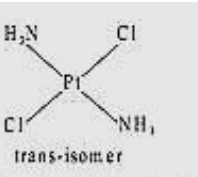


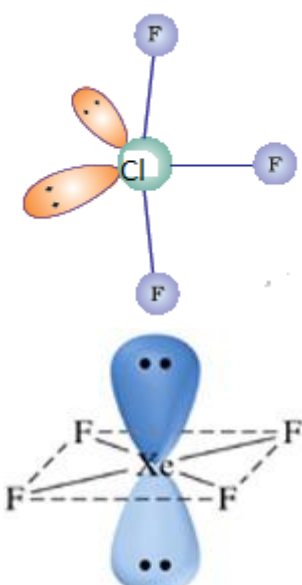

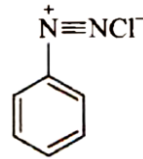
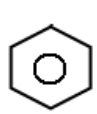
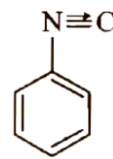
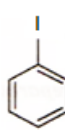
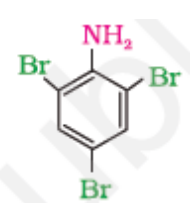
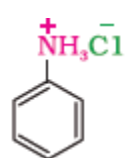
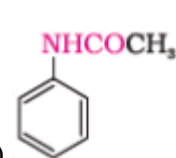
CHEMISTRY MARKING SCHEME
DELHI -2015
SET -56/1/1/D

Qu es.	Value points	Marks
1	3	1
2	2, 5 - dinitrophenol	1
3	CH ₃ -CH ₂ -Br Because it is a primary halide / (1 ^o) halide	½ +½
4	BaCl ₂ because it has greater charge / +2 charge	½ +½
5	X ₂ Y ₃	1
6.	Elements which have partially filled d-orbital in its ground states or any one of its oxidation states. 1) Variable oxidation states 2) Form coloured ion Or any other two correct characteristics	1 ½ +½
7.	1) Diamminedichloridoethylenediaminechromium(III) chloride 2) [Co(NH ₃) ₅ (ONO)] ²⁺	1+ 1
8.	(i)LiAlH ₄ / NaBH ₄ /H ₂ , Pt (ii)KMnO ₄ , KOH	1 1
9	When vapour pressure of solution is higher than that predicted by Raoult's law / the intermolecular attractive forces between the solute-solvent/(A-B) molecules are weaker than those between the solute-solute and solvent-solvent molecules/A-A or B-B molecules. Eg. ethanol-acetone/ethanol-cyclohexane/CS ₂ -acetone or any other correct example Δ _{mix} H is positive	1 ½ OR ½
9.	(a)Azeotropes are binary mixtures having the same composition in the liquid and vapour phase and boil at a constant temperature. (b) Minimum boiling azeotrope eg - ethanol + water or any other example	1 ½ ½
10	(i)Ag ⁺ (aq) + e ⁻ → Ag (s) Reaction with higher E ⁰ value / Δ G ⁰ negative (ii) Molar conductivity of a solution at infinite dilution or when concentration approaches zero Number of ions per unit volume decreases	½ ½ ½ ½

11	$\Delta T_f = i K_f m$ $\Delta T_f = i K_f \frac{w_b \times 1000}{M_b \times w_a}$ $1.62 \text{ K} = i \times 4.9 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1} \times \frac{3.9 \text{ g}}{122 \text{ gmol}^{-1}} \times \frac{1000}{49 \text{ kg}}$ $i = 0.506$ <p>Or by any other correct method</p> <p>As $i < 1$, therefore solute gets associated.</p>	<p>1/2</p> <p>1</p> <p>1/2</p> <p>1</p>
12	<p>(i) Zinc being low boiling will distil first leaving behind impurities/ or on electrolysis the pure metal gets deposited on cathode from anode.</p> <p>(ii) Silica acts as flux to remove iron oxide which is an impurity as slag or $\text{FeO} + \text{SiO}_2 \rightarrow \text{FeSiO}_3$</p> <p>(iii) Wrought iron</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
13	$d = \frac{z \times M}{a^3 N_A}$ $z = \frac{d a^3 N_A}{M}$ $z = \frac{2.7 \text{ g cm}^{-3} \times 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1} \times (4.05 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm})^3}{27 \text{ g mol}^{-1}}$ $= 3.999 \approx 4$ <p>Face centered cubic cell/ fcc</p>	<p>1/2</p> <p>1</p> <p>1/2</p> <p>1</p>
14	<p>(i) 5f orbital electrons have poor shielding effect than 4f</p> <p>(ii) due to d-d transition / or the energy of excitation of an electron from lower d orbital to higher d-orbital lies in the visible region /presence of unpaired electrons in the d-orbital.</p> <p>(iii) $2 \text{ MnO}_4^- + 6 \text{ H}^+ + 5 \text{ NO}_2^- \rightarrow 2 \text{ Mn}^{2+} + 3 \text{ H}_2\text{O} + 5 \text{ NO}_3^-$</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
15	<p>(i)</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>cis-isomer</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>trans-isomer</p> </div> </div> <p>(ii) $t_2g^3 e_g^1$</p> <p>(iii) sp^3, diamagnetic</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1/2+1/2</p>

16	<p>The cell reaction : $\text{Fe(s)} + 2\text{H}^+(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$</p> $E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} = E_{\text{c}}^{\circ} - E_{\text{a}}^{\circ}$ $= [0 - (-0.44)]\text{V} = 0.44\text{V}$ $E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} - \frac{0.059}{2} \log \frac{[\text{Fe}^{2+}]}{[\text{H}^+]^2}$ $E_{\text{cell}} = 0.44\text{V} - \frac{0.059}{2} \log \frac{(0.001)}{(0.01)^2}$ $= 0.44\text{V} - \frac{0.059}{2} \log (10)$ $= 0.44\text{V} - 0.0295\text{V}$ $\approx \mathbf{0.410\text{V}}$	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
17	<p>(i) mutual coagulation (ii) strong interaction between dispersed phase and dispersion medium or solvated layer (iii) CO acts as a poison for catalyst</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
18	<p>(i) Hexamethylene diamine $\text{NH}_2(\text{CH}_2)_6\text{NH}_2$ and adipic acid $\text{HOOC}-(\text{CH}_2)_4-\text{COOH}$ (ii) 3 hydroxybutanoic acid $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$ and 3 hydroxypentanoic acid $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$ (iii) Chloroprene $\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{Cl})\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ IUPAC names are accepted Note : $\frac{1}{2}$ mark for name /s and $\frac{1}{2}$ mark for structure / s</p>	<p>$\frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2}$</p>
19	<p>(i) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ (ii) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{COONa} + \text{CHI}_3$ (iii) CH_4</p>	<p>1</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>1</p>
20	<p>(i) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH} + \text{NaOH} \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{ONa} \xrightarrow{\text{CH}_3\text{X}} \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OCH}_3$ Or $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH} + \text{Na} \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{ONa} \xrightarrow{\text{CH}_3\text{X}} \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OCH}_3$</p> <p>(ii) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{CrO}_3 \text{ or } \text{Cu}/573\text{K}} \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 \xrightarrow[\text{(ii)H}_2\text{O}]{\text{(i)CH}_3\text{MgX}} (\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_3$</p> <p>(iii) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2 \xrightarrow[273\text{K}]{\text{NaNO}_2 + \text{HCl}} \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{N}_2\text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O warm}} \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{OH}$</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>

20	<p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>a)</p> <p>(i) $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-}\ddot{\text{O}}\text{-H} + \text{H}^+ \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-}\overset{\text{H}}{\underset{\cdot\cdot}{\text{O}}}\text{-H}$</p> <p>(ii) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{-}\ddot{\text{O}}\text{-H} + \text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-}\overset{\cdot\cdot}{\text{O}}\text{-H} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{-}\overset{\cdot\cdot}{\text{O}}\text{-CH}_2\text{CH}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$</p> <p>(iii) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{-}\overset{\cdot\cdot}{\text{O}}\text{-CH}_2\text{CH}_3 \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{-O-CH}_2\text{CH}_3 + \text{H}^+$</p> <p>b)</p> <p>(Acetyl chloride instead of acetic anhydride may be used)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">1/2</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1/2</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1</p>
21	<p>(i) Maltose</p> <p>(ii) fibrous proteins: parallel polypeptide chain , insoluble in water Globular proteins: spherical shape, soluble in water, (or any 1 suitable difference)</p> <p>(iii) Vitamin D</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1</p>
22	<p>(i) Larger surface area, higher van der Waals' forces , higher the boiling point</p> <p>(ii) Rotation due to one enantiomer is cancelled by another enantiomer</p> <p>(iii) -NO₂ acts as Electron withdrawing group or -I effect</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1</p>
23	<p>(i) Concern for students health, Application of knowledge of chemistry to daily life, empathy , caring or any other</p> <p>(ii) Through posters, nukkad natak in community, social media, play in assembly or any other</p> <p>(iii) Tranquilizers are drugs used for treatment of stress or mild and severe mental disorders .. Eg: equanil (or any other suitable example)</p> <p>(iv) Aspartame is unstable at cooking temperature.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">1/2, 1/2</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1/2 , 1/2</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1</p>
24	<p>(a) (i) Due to decrease in bond dissociation enthalpy from HF to HI , there is an increase in acidic character observed.</p> <p>(ii) Oxygen exists as diatomic O₂ molecule while sulphur as polyatomic S₈</p> <p>(iii) Due to non availability of d orbitals</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1</p>

24	<p>(b)</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>(i) White Phosphorus because it is less stable due to angular strain (ii) Nitrogen oxides emitted by supersonic jet planes are responsible for depletion of ozone layer. Or $\text{NO} + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2$ (iii) due to small size of F, large inter electronic repulsion / electron- electron repulsion among the lone pairs of fluorine (iv) Helium (v) $\text{XeF}_2 + \text{PF}_5 \rightarrow [\text{XeF}]^+ [\text{PF}_6]^-$</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
25	<p>A =  B =  C =  D =  E = </p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>a. i)  ii)  iii) </p> <p>b. $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{N} < \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2 < \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ c. By Hinsberg test secondary amines $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NH}$ shows ppt formation which is insoluble in tertiary amines $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{N}$ do not react with benzene sulphonyl chloride</p>	<p>1x5</p> <p>= 5</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>

26	<p>(a)</p> $k = \frac{2.303}{t} \log \frac{[A_0]}{[A]}$ $k = \frac{2.303}{30} \log \frac{0.60}{0.30}$ $k = \frac{2.303}{30} \times 0.301 = 0.023 \text{ s}^{-1}$ $k = \frac{2.303}{60} \log \frac{0.60}{0.15}$ $k = \frac{2.303}{60} \times 0.6021 = 0.023 \text{ s}^{-1}$ <p>As k is constant in both the readings, hence it is a pseudofirst order reaction.</p> <p>ii)</p> $\begin{aligned} \text{Rate} &= - \Delta[R]/\Delta t \\ &= \frac{-[0.15-0.30]}{60-30} \\ &= 0.005 \text{ mol L}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1} \end{aligned}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>a)</p> <p>(i) Rate will increase 4 times of the actual rate of reaction. (ii) Second order reaction</p> <p>b)</p> $t_{1/2} = \frac{0.693}{k}$ $30\text{min} = \frac{0.693}{k}$ $k = 0.0231\text{min}^{-1}$	<p>1</p> <p>½</p> <p>½</p> <p>1</p> <p>½</p> <p>1</p> <p>1+1</p> <p>½</p> <p>½</p>
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$k = \frac{2.303}{t} \log \frac{[A_0]}{[A]}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$t = \frac{2.303}{0.0231} \log \frac{100}{10}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$t = \frac{2.303}{0.0231} \text{ min}$	
$t = 99.7 \text{ min}$	1