1. Initially, social class, education, and occupation across colonial society and promote diversity. Reform of 1857, however, the process got exceptionally rational.

2. The Englishmen demanded. The cream clan and

3. Important roles in the most widespread and

4. Bank mergers can balance

5. Credit poor people can benefit from the formal sources

6. Banks don't only give loans. In particular, organizations

7. The assumption by the Reserve Bank is necessary
5. Frederick Sennett presented the utopian vision of nationalism as well as paternalism among the people of the world.

6. Fast transport contributed greatly to the process of globalisation. Goods can now be delivered to the markets in less time.
(continued)

...explanation and comprehension of the ongoing social activism to demand accountability and environmental policies. For example, the Namibian housing and displacement of people in the context of a multi-purpose project cause change.

(i) Multifunctional projects cause change. The condition and pattern of adequate infrastructure on national and provincial levels are accountable for the amount of infrastructure. Which multifunctional projects cause form instructions. Concerns are related to such improvements and concerns with new social movements. The context of quality in the absence of...
9. People have the right to information. Ensures the functions of the departments of the government. They purchase goods from the act of manufacturing.

8. People have the right to the education. Ensures the functions of the departments of the education. 

7. The right to information. Ensures the functions of the departments of the information. 

6. People have the right to the supply of water. Ensures the functions of the departments of the water. 

5. People have the right to the supply of food. Ensures the functions of the departments of the food. 

4. People have the right to the supply of clothing. Ensures the functions of the departments of the clothing. 

3. People have the right to the supply of shelter. Ensures the functions of the departments of the shelter. 

2. People have the right to the supply of safety. Ensures the functions of the departments of the safety. 

1. People have the right to the supply of health. Ensures the functions of the departments of the health.
The advantages of globalization are that it has allowed the producers to reach beyond their domestic markets and sell their products in the global market. This can help improve their overall economic situation.

However, there are also disadvantages to globalization. It has brought about a number of issues, including

1. Loss of culture and heritage
2. Exploitation of workers in developing countries
3. Increased inequality
4. Environmental degradation
5. Loss of jobs in developed countries
6. Increased political instability
(ii) It has increased the choice of products for the consumers, especially the well-off section of the society.

(iii) It has improved the quality of product due to increased competition. Also, the price of similar goods tends to equilibrate in different markets.

The differences between primitive subsistence farming and commercial farming are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRIMITIVE SUBSISTENCE FARMING</th>
<th>COMMERCIAL FARMING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- This kind of farming is done to grow crops so as to sustain for selling in the market.
- This kind of farming is done to produce crops for selling in the market.
12. Achieve income which does not produce the following

1. Achievement of income which does not produce:
   
   (i) Non-quantifiable distribution of income
   
   (ii) Income which tends to produce the following:
       
       - Poverty
       - Disease
       - Social instability

2. The farmer depends on:
   
   (i) Community labor:
       
       - Within the farm and family
       - Cooperate with neighbors

   (ii) This is done using primitive tools which do not supply eight people. Then in doing manual labor.
For example, if a small population have a very high income, the total income as well as the average income rises, thus hiding disparities about the actual situation.

They average income does not indicate rising standards of living as development depends on non-materialistic factors like freedom equality, respect, justice, etc.

Average income does not tell us about the HDI as it depends on health and educational status also.

13. Caste inequalities are still prevalent in India. This statement can be justified by the following.
The layout cannot be worked out and the text is unclear.

Carlo, there is no printer class the best all.

The economic factors also now play a role.

Jagged behind access to education or those privileged have education. Many people who do not have access very well in accessing modern technology. People who have equal access to education are far better off even today.

The decision of adaptation and disincentives cannot be fixed now. Moving within the same
care. All people have money within the same

In the case of the company, cost discrimination is in a little practiced cost discrimination. This constitutional has produces the
The banks and cooperative societies should increase their lending facilities in rural areas for the following reasons:

1. The poorer section of the society can get a greater share of formal credit and hence prosper.

2. The dependence on money lenders and traders, who charge extraordinary high rates, decreases.

3. People can borrow cheaply for meeting the working capital requirement and thus develop their business and agriculture.
(a) The first signs of organised state formation are:

Three manifestations of people's thoughts and ideas

colleced as it may be perceived, they gave rise to

collections of beliefs and folklore and folk songs were

on mythical legends, influences and emotion

of action and emotion, but not so focused

Romantic poets didn't support the growing nationalism

is sought to develop a particular kind of

Romanticism in a cultural movement that

provided a moral role in developing sense of

nationalism and in developing expansion of state culture.

The feeling of nationalism did not only come

13
(vi) Common deeds of the past, social capital, inculcated a feeling of collective belonging among the people.

(vii) Language was also used to develop nationalism. This was the case of Poland that was divided by the Great Powers. Yet nationalist feelings were kept alive through songs and folklore.

16. Issues of caste discrimination began to be written about in many tracts and essays in India in the late nineteenth century.

Joshibai Phule, the pioneer of the low caste movement, wrote about the caste discrimination in his book Gulamgiri in 1871.

The ideas of leaders like BR Ambedkar and EV Ramaswamy Naicker, commonly known as Periyar, began to be widely...
Horizontal distribution of power and its benefits

Power is shared among different organs of the government, namely the legislature, the executive, and the judiciary at the same level. Different organs of the same level exercise the judiciary and the executive, placed horizontally and vertically. Power is shared among organs.

Power sharing in India is done in different ways, each with its own benefits.

The issue of discrimination on class is not a simple task. It requires a Bhoodan movement for social harmony to express our Bhooda movement as well as our social harmony. My work in labor markets leads me to conclude that discrimination and partially also from an employers and employees' point of view. Employers can develop a new society based on equality and compassion. They can recognize the present and the past of the present and the past of the people and the future. It can create and enhance the principle and work.
different powers as well as checks the other organ.

Vertical Division of Power and Its Benefits

India is a federal country that divides its power amongst the national government and the government at local and state level. This allows the issues and problems to be settled easily and the state can function as an autonomous body. They are not subordinate of the central government.

Power Sharing Amongst Different Communities and Benefits

Power is shared among different religious, linguistic and regional groups. There are legal provisions made whereby the weaker section of the society and women are represented in the assemblies and legislature.
The success of democracy is a mirror to the people's capacity of understanding and participation.

In the discussion, making smart off-the-shelf citizens who are allowed to participate in the planning and policy-making with equal options.

In actual practice, people may find the idea more difficult to achieve, as various factions and political parties often represent different groups and communities. This allows a power struggle of elected politicians, who are often shying away from the theory of democratic participation.

Power sharing among different political parties and elites is essential for the system of elections to be fair and representative.
(v) However, the government did not fulfill the demands and Viceroy, again, did not agree to negotiate.

(vi) Hence, Mahatma Gandhi began his march, along with 78 followers, from the Sabarmati Ashram to the coast of Dandi.

(vii) Gandhi ceremonially violated the salt law and manufactured salt, thus laying the foundation of civil disobedience movement.

**UNIFICATION OF THE COUNTRY**

(v) It was a true mass movement that shook the British government.

(vi) Hindus and Muslims alike participated in the movement.
the Charter award project are
and start inducting in and around
The reasons for the concentration of
human

the beginning of their support
the industrialists to the entire environment of
people usually wood the soul tall picked linguistically.
revenue tax

agricultural

household and support families and
will the participation of women from the much
(i) Availability of iron ore
The region is close to the iron mines, thus the raw material can be easily transported to the industries.

(ii) Proximity of other raw material
Limestone and coking coal is also readily and easily available for production.

(iii) Good transport system.
The region is well connected through railways as well as roadways facilitating easy transportation of the raw material as well as the distribution of finished products.

(iv) Availability of labour
Cheap and skilled labour is easily available for the states of Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and Jharkhand.
(vi) Political parties shape public opinion

The role of political parties are -

1. The voice of political parties are-

2. Political parties conduct elections.

3. Development in the home market

4. The industrial goods of the finished goods

5. Kolkata port needs facilities for export

(v) Port facilities
the problems faced by the public.

(III) Political parties put forward policies and programme. People make choices on the basis of these.

(iv) Political parties form and run the government. The major policies for the government comes from the political party that won the election.

(v) Parties that lose the election form the opposition. They criticize the government for its failures, point out faults and mobilise opposition to the government.

(vi) Political parties play a major role in decision making. They recruit leaders, train them and appoint them as ministers.
(iv) Routhways that have begun an intersecting
distance
heavy and bulky goods over long distances
transport for the transport of
activities like business, sightseeing, and pigments
make it possible to conduct international
transport of passengers and goods and
their mode of
the importance of machinery as a means
political parties help people to access government
(v) The railway system bind the economic life of people and accelerate the development of industries and agriculture.

(vi) This promote national unity.

23. The features of secularism in India are

(i) India has no official religion of its own unlike Pakistan (Islam), Britain (Christianity), Sri Lanka (Buddhism).

(ii) Every individual is free to practise, profess and propagate any religion of their choice.

(iii) The government does not discrim provides equal opportunities to all irrespective of
1789. The Roman Catholic Government agreed to the

abolition of the single tax and the abolition of

the municipal and the seven electoral

units as follows:

In the year 1987, and early 20

hand-voting, and in the matter

of equality and the practice of

religion can interfere in the matter

of public affairs and communication.

No body or individual can be discriminated

on the basis of religion in the Constitution.
(ii) The population of the city continued to increase and every shanty of the available space was built over.

(iii) To combat the shortage of commercial space, a series of policies were formulated by the local authorities as well as the private companies.

(iv) In 1864, the Block Bay Reclamation Company in taking financial risk got the right to reclaim the land from the top of Malabar Hill to the end of Colaba.
22 acres built earlier.

In the 20th century, the Montauk Dunes were built.

The Montauk Dunes were built during World War II and the 1940s. The reserve area at Montauk Point Lighthouse is

The Montauk Point Lighthouse is the oldest active lighthouse in New York State. It was built in 1842

The Montauk Point Lighthouse is the oldest active lighthouse in New York State. It was built in 1842

Although the company closed down our for

Although the company closed down our for
The importance of the tertiary sector in India can be reasoned as follows:

(i) It contributes significantly to the country's GDP.

(ii) It provides employment to a large number of people with one-third of the women employed.

(iii) It brings much of the needed foreign exchange in the country.

(iv) The government provides basic services like education, health care, transport, etc. which falls under the tertiary sector.
The society should encourage students and researchers alike to participate in technology and innovation. The primary and tertiary sectors benefit from this, and small and medium enterprises (SMEs) gain as well. This provides aid to the development of the technology sector, which is essential for information and communication technologies. It necessitates new opportunities, like those